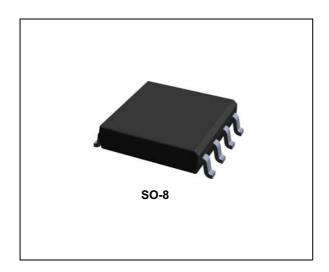




#### Programmable transient voltage suppressor for SLIC protection

Datasheet - production data



#### **Features**

- Programmable transient suppressor
- Wide negative firing voltage range:
   V<sub>Gn</sub> = -175 V max.
- Low dynamic switching voltages: V<sub>FP</sub> and V<sub>DGL</sub>
- Low gate triggering current: I<sub>GT</sub> = 5 mA max.
- Peak pulse current:  $I_{PP}$  = 40 A (5/310 µs)
- Holding current: I<sub>H</sub> = 150 mA min.

#### **Benefits**

- Trisil<sup>™</sup> is not subject to ageing and provides a fail safe mode in short circuit for a better level of protection.
- Trisils are used to ensure equipment meets various standards such as UL60950, IEC 60950 / CSA C22.2, UL1459, TIA-968-A (formerly FCC part 68)
- Trisils have UL94 V0 approved resin (Trisils are UL497B approved [file: E136224]).

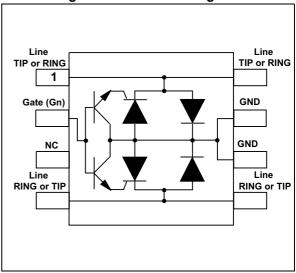
#### **Description**

These devices have been especially designed to protect new high voltage, as well as classical SLICs, against transient overvoltages.

Positive overvoltages are clamped by 2 diodes. Negative surges are suppressed by 2 thyristors, their breakdown voltage being referenced to -V<sub>BAT</sub> through the gate.

These components present a very low gate triggering current ( $I_{GT}$ ) in order to reduce the current consumption on printed circuit board during the firing phase.

Figure 1. Functional diagram



TM: Trisil is a trademark of STMicroelectronics

Characteristics LCP1521S

#### 1 Characteristics

Table 1. Standards compliance

Standard	Peak surge voltage (V)	Voltage waveform	Required peak current (A)	Current waveform	Minimum serial resistor to meet standard ( $\Omega$ )
GR-1089 Core First level	2500 1000	2/10 μs 10/1000 μs	500 100	2/10 μs 10/1000 μs	12 24
GR-1089 Core Second level	5000	2/10 µs	500	2/10 µs	24
GR-1089 Core Intra-building	1500	2/10 μs	100	2/10 μs	0
ITU-T-K20/K21	6000 1500	10/700 μs	150 37.5	5/310 µs	110 0
ITU-T-K20 (IEC 61000-4-2)	8000 15000	1/60 ns		ct discharge discharge	0 0
IEC 61000-4-5	4000 4000	10/700 μs 1.2/50 μs	100 100	5/310 μs 8/20 μs	60 0
TIA-968-A,	1500	10/160 µs	200	10/160 μs	22.5
lightning surge type A	800	10/560 μs	100	10/560 μs	15
TIA-968-A, lightning surge type B	1000	9/720 µs	25	5/320 µs	0

Table 2. Thermal resistances

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	Junction to ambient	120	°C/W

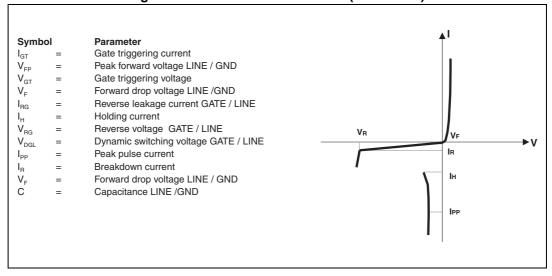
LCP1521S Characteristics

Table 3. Absolute ratings ( $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ °C}$ )

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
		10/1000 μs	30	
		8/20 µs	100	
		10/560 μs	35	
$I_{PP}$	Peak pulse current <sup>(1)</sup>	5/310 µs	40	Α
		10/160 μs	50	
		1/20 µs	100	
		2/10 μs	150	
	Non rangitiva surga paak an stata surrant	t = 20 ms	18	
I <sub>TSM</sub>	Non repetitive surge peak on-state current (50 Hz sinusoidal) <sup>(1)</sup>	t = 200 ms	10	Α
	(30 HZ Siliusoldai)	t = 1 s	7	
V <sub>Gn</sub>	Negative battery voltage range	-40 °C < T <sub>amb</sub> < +85 °C	-175	V
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-55 to +150	°C
T <sub>j</sub>	Operating junction temperature range		-55 to +150	C
TL	Maximum lead temperature for soldering d	260	°C	

The rated current values may be applied either to the RING to GND or to the Tip to GND terminal pairs.
 Additionally, both terminal pairs may have their rated current values applied simultaneously (in this case
 the GND terminal current will be twice the rated current value of an individual terminal pair).

Figure 2. Electrical characteristics (definitions)



Characteristics LCP1521S

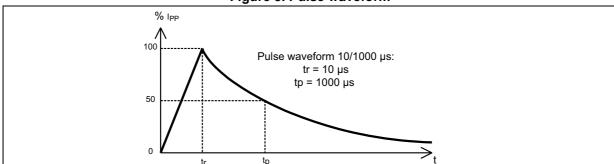


Figure 3. Pulse waveform

Table 4. Parameters (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Test conditions						Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>GT</sub>	V <sub>LINE</sub> = -48 V	V <sub>LINE</sub> = -48 V						5	mA
I <sub>H</sub>	V <sub>Gn</sub> = -48 V					150			mA
V <sub>GT</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	at I <sub>GT</sub>							2.5	V
I <sub>RG</sub>	$V_{RG}$ = -175 V $T_{j}$ = 25 °C $T_{i}$ = 85 °C						5 50	μA	
V <sub>DGL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>Gn</sub> = -48 V <sup>(1)</sup>	10/700 μs 1.2/50 μs 2/10 μs	1.5 kV 1.5 kV 2.5 kV	$R_S = 10 \Omega$ $R_S = 10 \Omega$ $R_S = 62 \Omega$	I <sub>PP</sub> = 30 A I <sub>PP</sub> = 30 A I <sub>PP</sub> = 38 A			7 10 25	V
V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 A t = 500 μs				t = 500 μs			3	V
V <sub>FP</sub>	10/700 μs 1.2/50 μs 2/10 μs	1.2/50 μs 1.5 kV		$R_S = 10 \Omega$ $R_S = 10 \Omega$ $R_S = 62 \Omega$			5 9 30	V	
I <sub>R</sub>	$V_{Gn \ / \ LINE} = -1 \ V \qquad V_{LINE} = -175 \ V \qquad T_j = 25 \ ^{\circ}C \ V_{Gn \ / \ LINE} = -1 \ V \qquad V_{LINE} = -175 \ V \qquad T_j = 85 \ ^{\circ}C$					5 50	μА		
С	V <sub>LINE</sub> = -50 V, V <sub>RMS</sub> = 1 V, F = 1 MHz V <sub>LINE</sub> = -2 V, V <sub>RMS</sub> = 1 V, F = 1 MHz					15 35		pF	

<sup>1.</sup> The oscillations with a time duration lower than 50 ns are not taken into account.

Table 5. Recommended gate capacitance

Symbol	Component	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
C <sub>G</sub>	Gate decoupling capacitance	100	220		nF

57

LCP1521S **Technical information** 

#### **Technical information** 2

Figure 4. LCP concept behavior

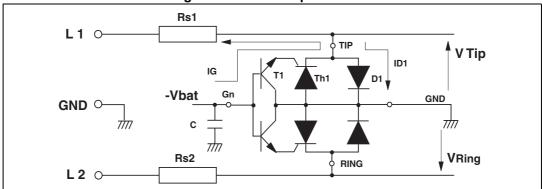


Figure 4 shows the classical protection circuit using the LCP crowbar concept. This topology has been developed to protect the new high voltage SLICs. It allows to program the negative firing threshold while the positive clamping value is fixed at GND.

When a negative surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example) a current IG flows through the base of the transistor T1 and then injects a current in the gate of the thyristor Th1. Th1 fires and all the surge current flows through the ground. After the surge when the current flowing through Th1 becomes less negative than the holding current IH, then Th1 switches off.

When a positive surge occurs on one wire (L1 for example) the diode D1 conducts and the surge current flows through the ground.

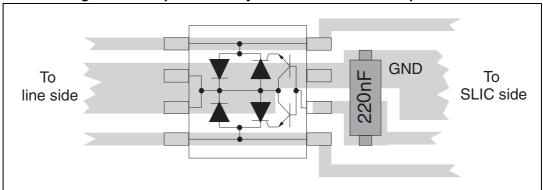


Figure 5. Example of PCB layout based on LCP1521S protection

Figure 5 shows the classical PCB layout used to optimize line protection.

The capacitor C is used to speed up the crowbar structure firing during the fast surge edges.

This allows minimization of the dynamic breakover voltage at the SLIC Tip and Ring inputs during fast strikes. Note that this capacitor is generally present around the SLIC - Vbat pin.

So to be efficient it has to be as close as possible from the LCP Gate pin and from the reference ground track (or plan) (see Figure 5). The optimized value for C is 220 nF.

Technical information LCP1521S

The series resistors Rs1 and Rs2 designed in *Figure 4* represent the fuse resistors or the PTC which are mandatory to withstand the power contact or the power induction tests imposed by the various country standards. Taking into account this fact the actual lightning surge current flowing through the LCP is equal to:

$$I_{\text{surge}} = V_{\text{surge}} / (R_g + R_s)$$

V <sub>surge</sub> = peak surge voltage imposed by the standard.

R<sub>q</sub> = series resistor of the surge generator

 $R_s$  = series resistor of the line card (e.g. PTC)

e.g. For a line card with 30  $\Omega$  of series resistors which has to be qualified under GR1089 core 1000V 10/1000  $\mu$ s surge, the actual current through the LCP is equal to:

$$I_{surge} = 1000 / (10 + 30) = 25 A$$

The LCP is particularly optimized for the new telecom applications such as the fiber in the loop, the WLL, the remote central office. In this case, the operating voltages are smaller than in the classical system. This makes the high voltage SLICs particularly suitable.

The schematics of *Figure 6* give the most frequent topology used for these applications.

Figure 6. Protection of high voltage SLIC

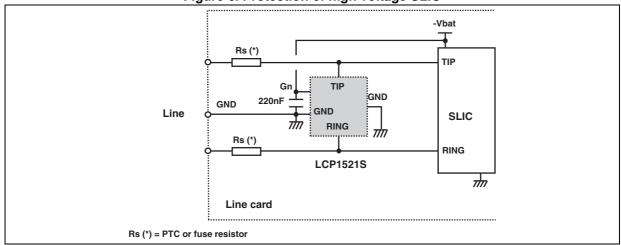
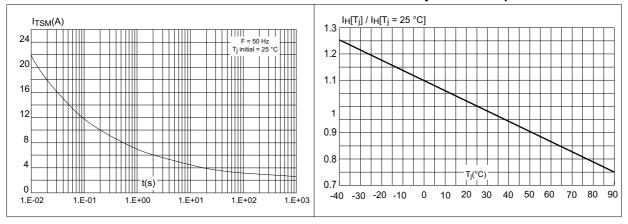


Figure 7. Surge peak current versus duration

Figure 8. Relative variation of holding current versus junction temperature



LCP1521S Package information

# 3 Package information

Epoxy meets UL94, V0

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: <a href="https://www.st.com">www.st.com</a>. ECOPACK<sup>®</sup> is an ST trademark.



Package information LCP1521S

# 3.1 SO-8 package information

Figure 9. SO-8 package outline

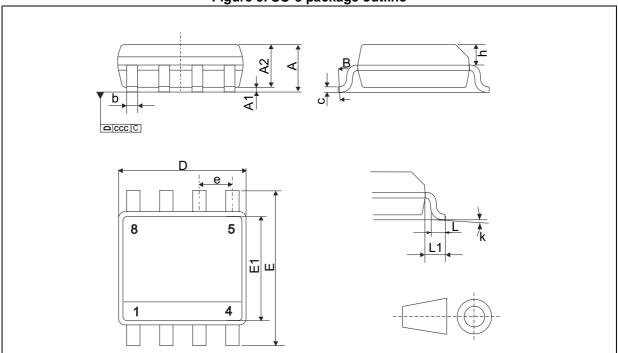
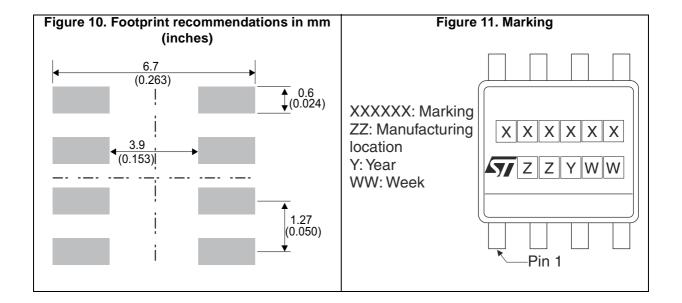


Table 6. SO-8 package mechanical data

		Dimensions						
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches			
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.		
А			1.75			0.069		
A1	0.1		0.25	0.004		0.010		
A2	1.25			0.049				
b	0.28		0.48	0.011		0.019		
С	0.17		0.23	0.007		0.009		
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197		
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244		
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157		
е		1.27			0.050			
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020		
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050		
L1		1.04			0.041			
k°	0		8	0		8		
ccc			0.10			0.004		

LCP1521S Package information



Ordering information LCP1521S

# 4 Ordering information

**Table 7. Ordering information** 

Order code	Marking	Package	Weight	Base qty	Delivery mode
LCP1521SRL	CP152S	SO-8	0.08 g	2500	Tape and reel

# 5 Revision history

**Table 8. Document revision history** 

Date	Revision	Changes
20-Nov-2009	1	First issue.
23-Feb-2012	2	Standardized nomenclature for Gn.
15-Nov-2013	3	Updated Figure 9.
10-Apr-2015	4	Updated <i>Figure 1</i> , <i>Figure 10</i> and package view. Added <i>Figure 11</i> . Updated <i>Table 3</i> and <i>Table 7</i> .
02-Jul-2015	5	Updated package information.
08-Jul-2015	6	Updated Figure 9.

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